

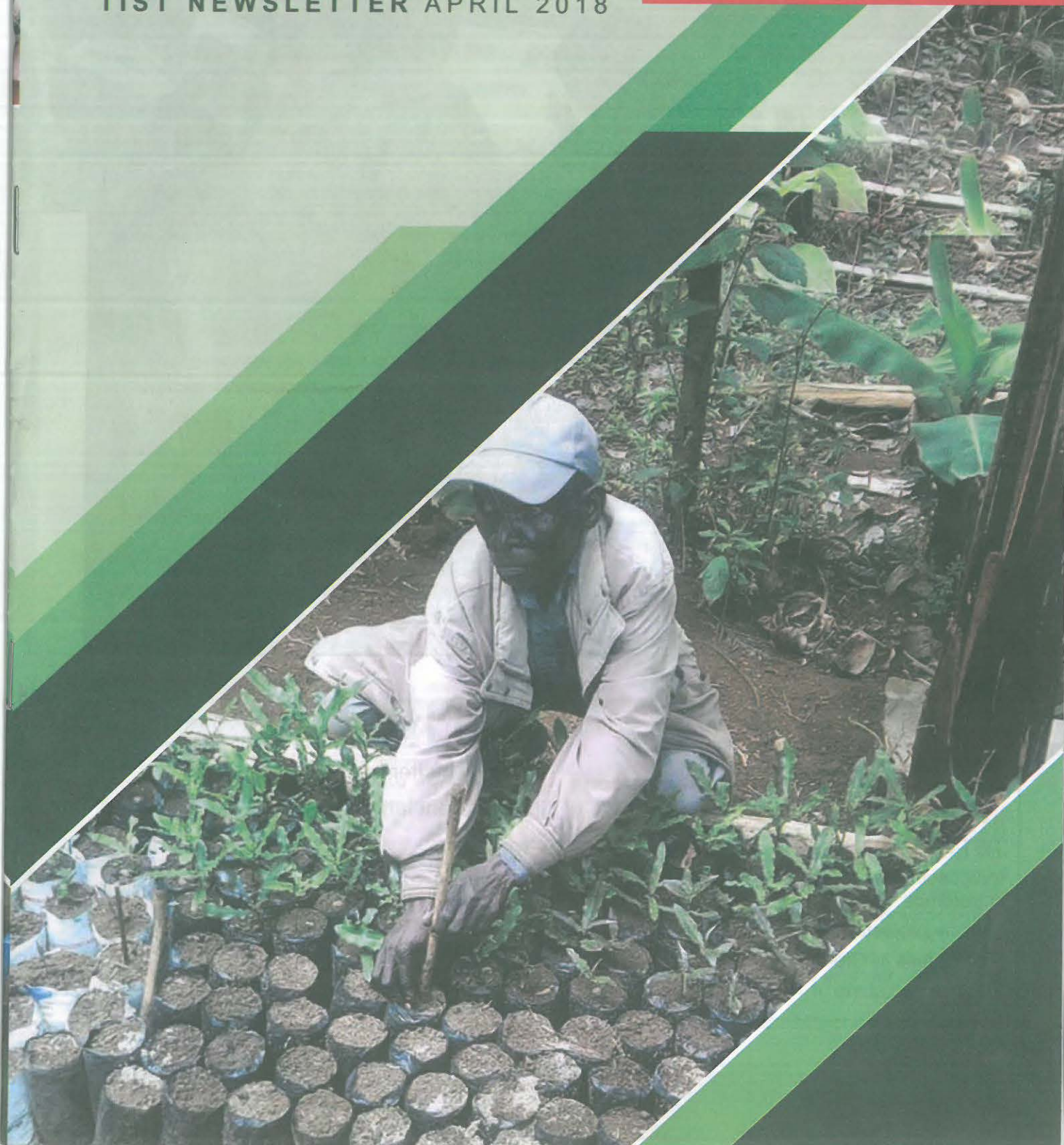


THE TREE

The International Small Group
and Tree Planting Program

CLEAN AIR
ACTION
CORPORATION

TIST NEWSLETTER APRIL 2018





TIST best practice of sitting in a circle during meetings



Gender equality in TIST, women can also participate in tree planting & be a group member



A small group of members after cluster meeting in Kinaba-Kanungu District

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The TREE is a monthly newsletter published by TIST Uganda, area of the International small Group and Tree Planting Program.

MISSION STATEMENT:

TIST Uganda is a community initiative dedicated to empowering small groups of subsistence farmers to combat the devastating effects of deforestation, poverty and drought.

OBJECTIVE STATEMENT:

Combining sustainable development with carbon sequestration, TIST supports the reforestation efforts of over 25,000 subsistence farmers, sales of carbon credits generate participant income while TIST today also addresses Agriculture, HIV/AIDS, Nutrition and Fuel wood challenges.

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ENGLISH

TIST VALUES

Who We Are

- 1) We are honest.
- 2) We are accurate.
- 3) We are transparent
- 4) We are servants to each other.
- 5) We are mutually accountable to each other

How We Do Things That Other People Can See

- 1) We are volunteers.
- 2) We do the work ourselves in small groups and clusters
- 3) We develop and use best practices
- 4) We use our head and hands.

What do we do

- 1) We plant variety of trees for long-term.
- 2) We find ways to improve our health.
- 3) We practice Sustainable farming.
- 4) We do other projects and businesses
(Sustainable agriculture, nurseries, citrus growing, dairy goats and farming, chickens, bee keeping, fish ponds and fish keeping, Silkworm farming etc)
- 5) We sell carbon credits.

What we create

- 1) We create Team Work
- 2) We create Capacity
- 3) We create Leadership

INDIGENOUS TREES: WHAT ARE THEY, AND WHY ARE THEY IMPORTANT?

Farmers in TIST plant hundreds of species of trees, including fruit and nut trees, trees for fodder, trees that improve soil fertility, and species that can be harvested for timber

More and more farmers are choosing to plant indigenous trees species for their many benefits.

What is an indigenous tree?

An indigenous tree is one that is well adapted to an area because it has grown and reproduced naturally there over a long period of time. Not all species that are familiar to us are indigenous. Many have been introduced by people from areas far away. There are over 600 species of trees that are indigenous to Uganda. Why are indigenous trees important? Because indigenous trees have evolved with the local environment, animals, plants, and other organisms around them, they are well suited to the area. Often, this means that they can grow well without expensive additional inputs like pesticides or fertilizers. They often require less maintenance than exotic introduced species. They diversify our farms, so that risks of pest outbreaks can be lower. They provide habitat and food for wildlife and diverse benefits for us from their fruits, timber leaves, and traditional medicine. Introduced, or exotic species, can provide many benefits, but some can become weedy and crowd out other trees or

crops. When we plant indigenous trees on our farms, we are helping protect species that have been useful to our mothers and fathers, to our grandparents, and to the people and wildlife of Uganda for generations.

We are still learning about the benefits of the many species around us.

When we plant indigenous species, we can help ensure that the trees and their benefits are there for our children.

MULTIPLE PROJECTS FROM TIST PROGRAM

My life of tree planting started when I had tree nursery beds as a farmer in the year 2000. Many people would buy tree seedlings from me. When I inquired from one of my customers, he told me the reasons for planting. I was informed about TIST program which I joined after I had been trained about conservation farming, tree beds establishment and energy saving cooking stoves for low energy utilization. I planted 200 trees for the start. Now I have 3000 trees and also planting more.

"I have benefited from TIST so much especially conservation farming and compost manure making. This has helped me to increase on my yields and have multiple projects. I have two zero grazing cows and 200 chickens all these contribute to my conservation farming projects. This has increased my yields from the beans and sorghum planted"

I have a lot of manure for my fields and my back yard gardens. I have several sources of income including trees planted for carbon business. In every payment, I am given more than 300,000 Shillings which I use to buy more land and clearing the bushy plantations. So far, I have bought more two pieces of land. I am planning to put more trees for the Carbon business. I have been able to pay school fees for my children. I have enough fuel wood for cooking using the energy saving stove taught to us by the TIST workers. I thank TIST Uganda for the support and guidance offered to us farmers. There was no tree planting program in our area but now every village person is aware of its benefits.

**Biramaheire from Kitumba sub county,
KABALE DISTRICT**

FROM GRASS TO GRACE

I have a family of five children and a wife and the moment I joined TIST I received a breakthrough for my family and all my businesses. I came to know about TIST in 2006. Little did I know that by planting trees I would help my family and I would live longer on the earth? I started small. With a few trees like 9000 trees, I had a sawing mill where farmers would supply me with timber regularly. This time I decided to plant trees on the land that I got from my father. This was a barren land and nothing could grow well from that land apart from trees.

"It's from grass to grace; I used to be a poor man until recently when I bought land for TIST trees everything started from there. Therefore I thank TIST for the blessings."

I was approached by one of the farmers who had received payment for the trees he planted for TIST program and he was able to buy seedlings of pine trees. I planted 9000 trees the first season most of them survived and the TIST quantifiers started to count the trees. I have been able to get money ever since I joined TIST. So far, I have got over 4 million shillings from the installments of the money from TIST payments.

Whenever I got money, I would buy more land and promote my business of timber production. My business has enlarged and now I supply timber to Kampala. I have a bigger store now. Though, I am a business pine timber selling, I have trees and groves specifically for TIST program aside, these are now 15000 trees, 5-8 years old and I am keeping them for 30 years to get Carbon money. I am ready to keep the trees until the 30 years of the Green House Gas Agreement I signed. I have set aside eucalyptus trees for my home consumption most especially firewood and construction. Meanwhile I am still waiting for another payment as my pine trees grow. I don't regret having planted these trees. The barren bare land is keeping a treasure for me and my family. I have 80 acres of land bought from tree planting skill, I have been able to build a nice home and I have a retirement package kept for me and my children.

**By Ndagizi Benson from Ndagizi Association.
Kabale District, Uganda.**

THE RISE AND SHINE OF TIST UGANDA

TIST Program started in Uganda in 2003. The program started by a single visit in Morogoro in Tanzania by 9 people who came from the Diocese of West Ankole, Kinkizi and Kigezi, members were selected by West Ankole Diocese by Bishop-William Magambo.

TIST started in Uganda- Bushenyi, Kabale, Kanungu and later to Rukungiri. We now have more than six million trees planted for carbon business in Uganda. TIST has been guided by the Leadership council that constituted TIST farmers from all districts. Farmers have been able to plant and work in groups and they are paid in groups. The program has always been guided by the TIST values of low budget, transparency, voluntarism, accuracy and accountability. This has been possible with the assistance and the work done by the local quantifiers and auditors who have counted and measured the earlier mentioned trees in the different district. We have worked with both the Small and Large scale tree growers. The farmers have been able to plant multipurpose trees from timber, fruit trees, medicinal and firewood production. There are several services rendered by TIST tree planting, these are soil erosion control, and land utilization using tree plantations. TIST Program in Uganda has now expanded to new areas of Gulu, Amuru, Omoro, Kyenjojo, Kiryandongo, Soroti, and Kayunga. TIST will use Cluster system approach for better serving of the small groups, coordination and monitoring. We are looking forward to expanding to new areas and hope to plant more trees to improve the Environment of Uganda.

Thanks go to the founders who have contributed to improvement of livelihoods of Ugandans.

Long live TIST Uganda

TIST UGA

RUNYANKORE

ENYOMYO ZA TIST

Emigasho noburungi bwa TIST nigwo musingye gwekigombe kya TIST, twaba tutagiine emirimo eiturikukorera omu TIST terikuhangaara.

Okukuratira emicwe ne'mitwarize ya TIST kutunga ebirungi ahabwukukorera hamwe.

Turi baahi?

- Turi abamazima
- Tutereire
- Nitukorera hamwe
- Nitukora ebitu ebi abantu barikureeba
- Nitukorera busha
- Nitwekorera emirimo yaitu omubwa guruupu bukye.
- Nitweteraho emitwe nengaro byaitu

Ekiturikukora

- Nitubyara emitu etari emwe eyentuura
- Nitufa ahamagara gaitu
- Nituhingira okurinda eitaka ryaitu
- Nituguza orwoya rwa kaboni (carbon)

Ekiturikuhangaho

Eki tikirikushushana nekituri kukora. Kuturikweterana twakorera hamwe ahamicwe nimitwarize ya TIST nituhangaho ebintu ebyabaire bitariho.

Omu nimwe hari:-

- Okukorera hamwe
- Okweterana tukakora n'amaani
- Nitusharuuramu bingi namunonga omukubyara emitu, okuhingira okurinda eitaka nebindi.
- Nitutamu sente nkye kandi tusharuura bingi.
- Waaba oine ebintu ebirukushobera ahankora ya TIST nemitwarize yaayo buuza ebibuuzo kwenda kwetegyereza gye.

EMITI Y'ENZAARWA NIYO, EHA, KANDI EINE MIGASHO KI?

Abahingi baingi omuri TIST nibahinga ebika byemiti

Bingi ebirimo ebijuma, eyebyokurya byamatungo, erikureeta orwezo omwitaka, eyembaaho nendiiho. Abahingi baingi nibahinga emitu mingi y'enzaarwa ahabwe mingasho yaayo mingi

- Omuti gw'enzaarwa niguuha?
- Omuti gwenzaarwa ni oguri kukurira omumwanya kandi gukazarirwamu kumara obunaku buraingwa

- Emiti yona tiyenjaarwa, hariho eyareestirwe kurunga omunsi z'aheeru. Omu Uganda harimu ebika by'emiti yenzaarwa ebiri kurenga omuri 600
- Emiti egi nekura gye omumwanya kandi ekura nyenyamishwa nebindi bihingwa biri kukura kumwe.
- Terikwetenga kutamu kiriisa norwezo nokufuhirira ebikooko. Terikwetenga kugireeberera nkegyo eyenbyarano. Nerinda endiijo miti obutakwatwa ndwara kandi ehora nobutaaho bwebinyonyi, twihamu ebijuma embaaho nemibazi okukira emiti enyijijija
- Twabyara emiti yenzaarwa nituba niturinda ebyobuhangwa bwaaba Tataitwe nabatatenkuru kandi tugihingira ahabwemigasho yobusingye oburija

ZA PUROJEKITI ZA TIST

Nkabanza kusiga emiti omugwa 2000 ndikugiguzaba aba TIST kwonka nkaba ntakagiiremu. Kunabuurize omwe omuri ba kasitoma banyaga yangambira ngu nagibya ahabwa TIST. Nanyaga nikwe kuzamu nkaashomesibwa okuhingira okurinda eitaka, okubendeeka emiti okukora amahaga garikukoresa enku nkye. Nkatandika nokubya emiti 200. Hati nyine emiti 3000, kandi ninkibya endiijo

Ngobiire munonga omuri TIST. Ntugire orwezo orundi kwekorera kandi ninduta omumisirir yangye

Nindiisa ente zomukiju, enkoko 200 kandi ebi byongeyere ahankora kandi hamwe norwezoorindi kuta omumisirir yebihimba nomugusha.

- Nyine orwezo rwingi orundikuta omumisirir yangye .Nyiiha esente nyingi zakasiimo ziri kwingana na 300,000. Mbasize kugura amataka agandi kandi nabyara emiti mingi
- Ninyebaza TIST ahabwobuhabuzi, kandi ebyo byona bibeyere emiti nyingi
- Nabya Biramaheire – Kitumba subcounty- Kabale

KURUGA AHARI BUSHA OKABA OMUKAMA.

Nyine omukazi nabaana 5, kwonka nkaba nituura kubi ntakagiire mu TIST omugwa 2006. Nkaba ntari kumanya ngu waaza omuri TIST notuura obunaku buraingwa. Nkabyara emiti 9000, nagura mashini yembaaho kandi hati abahingi nibanguza embaaho.

- Nkabanza kubyara emiti aha eitaka eri taata yampaire, nkwanika hati aha eitaka ryangye nkabasa kubyara endiijo emiti ya TIST.
- Nkabyara emiti 9000, natandika kugiguzaba aba TIST. Obwahati nitunga haihi Mirooni 4 kuruga omukasiimo ka TIST.

- Burikutunga akasimo, ngura eitaka mbyaramu emiti ya Payini. Obwahati bizinesi yangye ekakura kurana ninguza embaaho Kampala mbyaire emiti 15,000=, eyahitsya emyaka 5-8 ninyenda ngu ehisiye emyaka 30 reeru ntugye akasiimo kahango. Obwahati nyine hiika 80 zemiti ezinguzire, kandi nyombekire mu enju natunga nakasiimo kokuhumiraho nabaana banyaga
- Nebya Ndagizi Benson – Ndagizi Association Kabale.

OKWANGASHANA N'OKUKURA KWA TIST

TIST ekatandika omu Uganda omu 2003. eketandikaho bwanyima yokutaayaayira ekyanga kya Morogoro omu Tanzania. Okutayaaya kukakorwa abantu 9 kuruga omuri West Ankole, Kinkizi na Kigezi

Aba bakatooranwa owabaire ari Bishop wa West Ankole owekit. Williamu Magambo.

- Omu Uganda TIST ekatandikira Bushenyi, Kabale Kanungu na Rukungiri. Obwahati TIST emiti Miriyoni 6 ei ebyere kuguza orwoya rwa kaboni TIST netegyekwa akasiimo kabahingi kuruga omuza Disituriki ezo. Abahingi bakozireho za guruupu omu barikushashurirwa. TIST eyorekyereire omumaisho kurabira omukukorera empera nokworeka imbaririra
- Eki kihwereire ababazi nabashwijumi bemiti kukora gye omurimo gwabo.
- Abahingi babasize kubyara emiti miki nka eyebijuma, embaaho, enku, nemibazi.
- TIST ebaasize kukora ebindi bintu nka okuriinda eitaka obutatwarwa mutunga, okubya emiti nebindi. TIST hati ehikire Gulu, Amuru, Omoro Kyenyojo, Kiryandongo, Soroti na Kayunga.
- TIST nekoresa za guruupu zempagara kwenda kuhisiya obuhereze omu bamemba baabo.
- Nituzza kuhinga emiti mingi kwenda kurinda eby'obuhangwa
- Nitwebaza abatandikireho TIST ahabwokukorakuranisa amagara gabanya Uganda

HANGARA TIST UGANDA

ATESO

INONOSIO LU' OTIST

Ngaiboisio?

- 1) Isomaiisiotomaabeitonut.
- 2) Isomaiisiotomaabecokina.
- 3) Isomaiisiotomaaca.
- 4) Iraiisioejaanakinakbonik ka bonik.
- 5) Iraiisiolulacakinakotomaaswamisineikosi.

Eiopone lo

iswamaisioiboroluepedoreteluceaanyun

- 1) Iraiisioluijaanakinomameieropit.
- 2) Isomaiisioaswamikulepekkotomaatukonaludidik ka aibungena.
- 3) Iswamauniisiokedeaitosomaswamisisio nu itekoora.
- 4) Itosomaiisioakweskedekanin.

Inyoiswamaisio?

- 1) Iraiisiokituluegitigitalueyangareteapaknaewoja.
- 2) Idumuniisioiwaitinluitojokaaretangaleu wok.
- 3) Ikorieiisioakorunaisionikini.
- 4) Iswamaisioiprosjektan ice kedeaicuruswapenat (akorunaisionikini, ne ipepeereikinyom, akoruaraito, akinei nu akile ka akoru, akokorei, aipitawuu, ataparin ka aipitagaria ka aipitikurluesubeteesilik.
- 5) Igwelanariisioekwam lo ikito.

Nu isubiisio

- 1) Isinyikoikitisioaswamnepepe.
- 2) Isubuniisioapedornaaswamibore.
- 3) Isubuniisioeingarenone.

IKITO LU EPOLOETE BONIK: INYOIKA BO KWESI, IDO INYO EJATATAR KWESI AJOKIS

Iraeteakoriokluko TIST akwat nu kaabilasinei nuikito, aimoriaritikitoluaraito ka luitolometeicokluenyamio ka itolomakinyet, ikitoluenyameteibaren, ikitoluitojokareteaboliakitnaalupok, ka ice luecilicilioabaoi. Akoriokluipuejaasiasekunairaabilasineiluitoluelometebonikkanuakecdumuneta nu ipu.

Inyo ekitoi lo epolounitbon ?

Ekitoiolopolounit bonnges lo elomunibon ko'naikiniteatutubetnginnaraiepolounitkedaauriar elope tomaapaknaewoja . Mere abilasineikereluito nu ijenionierasiluepolounitosbonik. Lu ipuitolomunitositungaaturubenaualwakak. Ejaasiabilasinei nu edeparitos 600 nu ikito nu epolounitosbonikko Uganda. Kanuboinyoejokukatarikituluelomunitosbonik? Naraiikitoluelonunitosbonikenaitosejautene lo aiboisitkangin, itiang, iraan, ka ikur ice luaiboisitkangin, ibecokinakesitomaaiboisitnginduc. Apoloukeepedoreteikitulapolooejokomameteigaraman-

luitayakinabalaikeeluisiketaraiebolia. Ipudasidaaidariona edit itialuipepeokokinga. Enyanyarete wok imanikorianaraiecingadekasineiabwangakinkesi. Eynakitositiangda ne iboetkedeinyamatkanuitianganluiboeteokutuikedeaityanyaradumunetakanuwokkaneejaasiakesrait, akwii nu abaoi, ikeeluteso . Abilasineiluipepetaitokokinga, einakinetoniadumuneta nu ipukonye ice epedorieduanapolorkotomakedeaipuwakarailanylucekitoarairan. Ne irayaoniikitoluepounetebonikomanikoria wok, ijaoniaingarakinaigalgalabilasinei nu ajokukaanejalupapaa' ok, itunga ka itiangluokutuiluo' Ugandakanuaturioluogaren.

IPROJEKTAN LU IPU LU ELOMUNITOS AINAPETA NU O'TIST

Kotomaaijar ka naairakito, ageunitengokedeaipepeikitokwapeakorionokaru lo 2000. Itunga luidupateagwelikitonamaka. Abuengoengitagwelan ka ediope lo abukimaranakengoajokisio nu airakito . Abu engoapedoapupunakiro nu ikamanara ka TIST, nedaabualomaraekaulonaadumunaitutoriokotomaakorunaitojokaritari, aipepeikito ka ikiyalliitojokaritari. Abu etegiaairakitoakwataareinedadakwanaajaatatarendokedeikito 3000 idoarikoamunooira ice . Emedauengonoiko' TIST aitelekarkotomaakornaismonikinika aisubebolia. Engarakiaikeunedumune lo inyamat ka iprosjektanluceda. Ajaatatarendoakituk nu gamianaareikeadeakoreiakwaterei200 , nu kereingarakintoskotomaakornaitojokaritari. Eyatakiekadumune lo emarogekedeimumwa. Ajaatatarendoebolia lo epolkanuakamisirin ka iponesioluipuludumunitisiriginaimoriaritikitokotomaacurusnaekwam. Adumununeingoisiriginluedeparitos 300,000 luko Uganda angintacio. Engarakisiengaitalaunaikakito , agwelaamisirin ace, aitatesomero lo iduweakito nu ipoisi nu ikidiokotomaokiyalanluitojokaritari. Idoarikoengoenyikokinitairakitoluipukanuacurusnaekwam. Esialamikinitengo TIST Uganda kanuakecgangatneejaakoriok . Lolo itungaluocalo ka kerei-raeteikitonaraiajenutujokisiokec.

Biramaheire from kitumba sub county KABALE DISTRICT

AGEUN KA NE EMAMEI IBORE KITON AILIYA

Ajatatarendoekale lo iduweikany ka aberuadiopet. Ne alomaraengotomaatukotnako' TIST, abukadumalacakiniotomaaijar ka, ka aicurus ka kere. Ajenunitengo TIST okaru 2006. Komamajeniebeapedoriairakitoaingarakineka kale ka aijarikaruluiyatakina. Ageunitengokedeikito 9000. Ajatatarendo ked acumanaecilicileiikitoludaagweliengokaneejaasiitunga. Konyeabukapedoairakinikakitotomaamisirin nu ainakiniengopapaka nu mameraeteinyamatejokalemarikito bon. Arai engoetunganan lo ican. Konyekwanaagwelen-goamisirin ace nu abuniaiayakinairakitoluo' TIST. Esiyalamikinit TIST noikanuarerengesia . Abu akorionediope lo

LUGANDA

emedaunitko TIST odolokengokedumuatacokenako TIST, abukogwelicokluepine . Abu engoeraikikito 9000 ne daapotulupukojariata .Kageariengodaaimedaununisiriginluo'TIST .Kotomaokaruidisngunapedoengoadumunisiriginluedepari-tosimilioniniwongon. Esipedosiengoisriginluagwelaamisirin ace ka aitopolorakaicurusdakotomaaitolomununabaoi .Kwa-naakoranariengoabaoitoni Kampala. Karaidaagwelanarien-goabaoi nu itolomunitai Okitoi lokaepineeraaitengodaikito 15000 luikaru 5-8 luapolou. Akapakinaaidarkwesikanuikaru 30 kwapeejaarkotomaacamanar.Eraitengoikaltusindakan-uaswam ace kwapenataduko ka aipoyo. Arokoengoamu-noadumununisirigin ice kotoma pines ka .Mamengoetoronar-itairayonaikitonaraiepolakadumunetkotoma .Agwelengoami-sirin 80 kanuairaikito ,adukuengoetogoda.

By Ndagizi Benson from Ndagizi Association
Kabale District Uganda

AIKEUN KEDE AILIYA NAKO' TIST UGANDA

Egearitosainapetanuko' TIST Uganadaokaru lo 2003. Ageareteainapeta nu kotomaapejoadiopetnaajaiMorogoro Tanzania kedeimebanidislusekunitaiko too nakaaanyana-retnakaAnkole Bishop William Magambo.

KonyanyartoniBushenyi, Kabale,Kanungukedeokau do Rukungiri.Ijaatarkwanaisioikitoluedepareteimilliolinikanyape nu ikitoluekwam lo icurusao ka o'Uganda. Ejatatar TIST ka ekansulo lo engarenok lo itetenanariakeswamisineilueraas-iaokoriokluko TIST kolomunitosodistriktankere. Apedosiako-riokairakedeaswamtomaatukonanedaetacerekwesi.Ejasil-nonosio nu itetenareteeiswamaelokaainapetaluko TIST ai-moriaritebaget lo kwap, aica, aibocokia, aswamomameropit, kedeapukorokotomaaswamisineikosi. Apedoronatomaaing-arakinoaswamkaneejasiemarakikitoluocaloluemaratakedaai-pimaikitooodistriktanluégelegela. Iswamasiokedaakorio-kluepolokkaludidikotomaairaikito. Apedosiakoriokairaikito-luipudumununetaageunabaoi ,ikituluwaraito, ikee ka akito nu inoka. Ipuajanakinetakotoma TIST aimoriaritairaikito, aitikokinailotaronaalupok ka aitosomaenaalupokotomaOkito-alu. Anyanyaroskwanaainapetanuko TIST ko' UgandaKitoni-aiboisio nu itetiaknuko'Gulu, Kyenjojo, Kiryandongo, Soroti kedeKayunga. Imunosioaitanyanyartomaaiiboisio ace nu ite-tiakkedeairaikito ice luipukanuaitojokarakwapnako' Uganda

Eloseteikosyalam ne 'jaitungakereluetegearakainapeta nu ka aitjokarejare lo itungaluko' Uganda

TIST Uganda kobusi

EMIRAMWA GYA TIST

Ffe Bani?

1. Tulibesimbu
2. Tulibalambulukuffu
3. Tuliberuffu
4. Tuweereza eribuliomu
5. Tuvunanyizibwa kumbalirira eribuliomu

Tukola tutya ebintu abalala byebayinza okulaba?

1. Tulibanakyewa
2. Tukola emirimu mububiina bwaffe obutono
3. Tukozeza enkola esinga okukulakulana
4. Tukozeza emitwe gyaffe n'emikono

Tukolakki?

1. Tusimba emitti egyebika ebyenjawulo ebiwangaala
2. Tunonya engeri eyokusitulamu ebyobulamu byaffe
3. Tukozeza ennima eyomuggundu
4. Tukola project nebizineesi (ebyobulimi n'obulun-zi,emezeso z'emiti, okulunda embuzi ezamata, enkoko,enjuki,ebidiba byebenyanya n'okulunda obusanyibwe wuzi zengoye nebirara)
5. Tutunda omukkaomubi

Tutondawoki?

1. Tutonda wookukolera awamu
2. Tutonda woobusobozi
3. Tutonda woobukulembeze

Emiti Ginansangwa: Iwakijankizo

Abalimi mu TIST basimba ebikumi byemiti ebyenjawulo okugeza ebibala, emiti gy'ensigo, emiti egiriibwa ebiso-lo, egigimusa n'okulongosa ettaka n'ebika ebisalwamu embaawo. Abalimi basalawo okusimba emiti ginan-sangwa olwemiganyirwo emingi.

Emiti ginansangwa kyeki?

Emiti ginansangwa gyejo egimanyidde ekitunduku banga gikula n'okuzaala okumala ebbanga eddene. Ssibiyona ebika byemiti ebyefananyiriza nti binansang-wa.Ebika bingi bireteddwa abantu okuva mubitundu eby'enjawulo. Ebika bisuka mu lukaaga (600) bina-sangwa mu Uganda.

Lwaki emiti ginansangwa gyankizo?

Kubanga emiti ginansangwa jibaddewo mukitundu ebi-sro, ebimera, n'ebitonde okwetoolola bimanyidde ekifo, kino kiteegeza bisobola okkulanga tosasanyizako dda-gala lufuyira oba ebijimusa, byetaaga okulabirila kutono okugerageranya kubika ebipya.Faamu zaffe zikendee-



za okubaluka kw'endwadde. Faamu zikola nga amaka n'emere y'ebintu ebibeera munsiko. Ebibala, embaawo, ebikolo n'eddagala ly'ekinnansi livumbuddwa, ebika ebipya birina emigaso mingi naye ebimu bifuuka ebiteetagisa nebiranda kumiti emirala oba ebimera. Bwetusimba emiti eginansangwa mufamu zaffe, tuyamba okukuuma ebika ebiyambye bamaama ne bataata okutuuka kubazzukulu n'abantu n'ebintu ebirina obulamumu Uganda okumala ebbanga.

Tukyayiga emigaso gy'ebika by'emitti egitwetoolodde, tusimba emiti ginansangwa tuba bakakafu nti emiti n'emigaso gyajo wejiri kulw'abaana baffe.

Pulojekiti ez'enjawulo okuva mu TIST pulogulaamu

Obulamu bwange obwokusimba emiti bwatandika nga nina emezeso z'emiti nga omulimi mu mwaka gwa nkumi bbiri (2000). Abantu bangi baagulanga endokwa okuva ewange. Bwenabuuza kasitoma omu nangamba ensonga lwaki asimba emiti, yambulira ebikwata ku TIST program oluvanyuma negatako era nentendekebwa ennima ey'omulembe, emezeso y'emiti, ebyoto ebikkekezeza enku. Nasimba emiti bibiri (200) mukutandika, kati nina emiti enkumi ssatu (3,000) era nsimba emirala.

Nganyiddwa nnyo mu TIST okusingira ddala munima eyomulembe nokukozesa nakavundira. Kino kyonzeza amakungula gange. Nina ente bbiri mukiyumba n'enkoko ebikumi bibiri bino byonna byongerera kkunima eyomulembe, kinokyonzeza amakungula okuva mubijanjaalo n'omuwemba byennasimba. Nina ekijimusa ekimala enimiro yange, nina enyingiza okuva mubintu bingi okugeza emiti gyenasimba kulwa Kkaboni business.

Nsasulwa obutakkawansi wamitwaalo asatu (300,000/=) zenkozesa okugula ettaka nokulongoosa ebirime. Kakati nguze ebitundu bibiri ebyettaka era ntekateeka kusimba miti mirala eja Kaboni business. Nsobodde okusasulaschool fees zaa baanabange, nina enku ezimala okufumba ngankozesa ekyoto ekikekezeza, ekyatusomesebwaaba TIST.

Nebaza TIST Uganda olwobuyambi nokulungamizibwa gyetuli ffe abalimi. Tewaaliwo nkola ya kusimba mitinaye kati buli muntu mukyaalo amanyi emigaso gy'emiti.

Biramaheire okuva Kitumba Sub-county, Kabaale District.

Okuva mubuyinike kukwesiima Nina abaana bataano, n'omukazi ekiseera wenegattira ku TIST nasumululwa kulwa famile yange n'ebyenfuna byange byonna, nateggera TIST mu mwaka gwa 2006. Ekitono kyanamanya nti bwenasimba emitti njakuyamba famire yange okubeerawo ebbanga kkunsi. Natandika nakatono n'emiti mitono ngarwenda (900), nalina masiini elanda embaawo nga abalimi baleeta embaawo. Nasalawo okusimba emiti kuttakakitange lyeyampa. Etaka lyali kadde ngera teliriko mere okujako emiti. Kituffu okuva mubuyinike ku kwesima, nali mwavu paka jo lyabalamu nganguze ettaka TIST buli kimu kyatandikira awo. Nolyekyo nebaza TIST olwemikisa.

Natukirilwa omulimi eyali afunye (asasudwa) sente olw'emiti gye yasimba ku pulogulamu ya TIST era nasobola okugula endokwa zapine. Nasimba emiti 9000 musizoni esoka era egisinga jadda, TIST quantifiers (ababalaemiti) yatandika-okubala.

Natandika okufuna sente ezisukamu bukade 4 mu bitundu tundu. Buli lwenafuna sente nagulanga etakka nyongere-business era mumbawo, kati ntuala embawo e kampala.

Nina eterekero edene. Newankubadde nga ndimubusiness yembawo zapine, nina grove(enimiro) ya TIST pulogulamu era giwera emiti 15000, girina emyaka 5-8, era ngikuma okumala emyaka 30. Nfuna sente za carbon. Ndi mwetegefu okukuma emiti okumala emyaka 30 kulwendagano eya Green House Gas jjenasayininga. Nsimbyewo kumabali kalitusi kulwe byetago byamaka okusingiradala, okufumba n'okuzimba. Newankubadde nga nkyalinda okusasulwa, ngapine wange wakula, sejusa olwokusimba emiti gino, etakka elyali ekadde kati likuma bugaga bwange nafamile.

Nguze ekka 80 okuvamu bukodyo bw'okusimba emiti. Nsobode okuzimba enyumba enungi era nina nakasimo kange nabana.

By Ndagizi Benson okuva Ndagizi Association

Kabale District, Uganda.

OKUYIMUSA NOKWAKAYAKANA KWA TIST UGANDA

TIST pulogulamu yatandika mu Uganda mu mwaka 2003. Ntekateka eno yatandikibwa ba Namunigina abakyala mu murogoro mu Tanzania omwali abantu abatono abalondebwa okuva mu west Ankole Diocese Bishop William magambo Yasaasanamu Bushenyi, Kabaale, Kanungu n'oluvanyuma mu Rukungiri era kati tulina millions ezissuka mu Mukaaga (6,000,000) eze miti ezisimbiddwa kulwa Carbon business mu Uganda. TIST erungamizibwa mubukuleMbeze obutekedwawo abalimisa.

TIST okuva mu districts zona.

Abalimi basobodde okusimba emiti nokukolera awamu mu bibiina byabwe era basasulwa okuyitamu kibiina. Entekateeka erungamiziddwa emiramwagya TIST Obwerufu, obwanakyeewa, obwesimbu, embalirira. Kino kisobose okukolebwa nga kiyambibwaako abalala emiti local quantifiers n'abalabiirizi abasobodde okubala n'okupima emiti egisobodde okuloka mu district ezenjawulo.

Tukolaganye nabalina ennimiro entono nennene mu kusimba emiti. Abalimi basobodde okusimba emitti egye migaso egy'enjawulo omuva embaawo, ebibala eddagala n'enku, emirimu mingi egikoleddwaa baTIST mukusimba emiti okkugira okukulukuta kw'ettaka n'okozessa obulungi ettaka nga osimbako ebirime.

Entekateeka za TIST mu Uganda zigaziye mubitundu ebipya nga Gulu, Kyenjojo, Kiryandongo, Soroti, Ne Kayunga okulondoola n'okuwuliziganya kwobubiina obutono TIST ejja kukozesa enkola ya kilasta. Tuluubirilwa kugaziwa mubitundu ebipya n'okusimba emiti tulongoose obutonde mu Uganda.

Okusiima kugende eri omutandisi wa TIST akoze ekyamanyi okutumbula embera y'abantu mu Uganda.

WangaalaTISTUgand

LUO

ANGA-GI MA WAN WABEDO

1. Wan wagen-ne
2. Wan watimo jami kakare
3. Wan watimo jami-wa kakamaleng
4. Wan wabedo lutic ngat man bot lowote
5. Wan watito pi dog tic wa gat man bot lawote I yoo ma atir me niang

KIT MA WATIMO KWEDE JAMI MA JO MUKENE PE NENO

1. Wan watimo jami pi mii-ne kekenwa
2. Watimo tic wa kikumwa, I dul matino ki madito
3. Wa dongo dok watiyo ki yoo onyo tic mabeco loyo
4. Watiyo ki wiwa kede cingwa

WATIMO GIN ANGO

1. Wapitokwayi yadi mapat pat ma rii pi kare malac
2. Wanongo yoo mapol ma ilo rwom me yotkom-wa malo
3. Wa puru pur ma gwoko kwo wa
4. Watimo jami mukene ki bicara (cato will) macalo pito cam ki lee, wayubu ka pito kodi, wagwoko dyegi me cak, gwoko gweni, gwoko kic, gwoko rec, tongo dam pa rec, gwoko yat magwoko kwidi ma kwoyo silk, ki mukene mapol ataa.
5. Wacato mugoba ma wabi nongo ki ikom kabon.

GIN MA WAKELO MACALO GIN MANYEN

1. Wakelo tic kacel
2. Wakelo kero me tiyo tic bot ngat acel acel
3. Wakelo diro me tela

YADI MA NONGE IKABEDO MA NGAT MONI TYE IYE GIN GUBEDO GIN ANGO, KI DONG PINGO PIGI TEGO

Lupur I dul me TIST gipito kwayi yadi mapatpat miya ki miya, matye iye yadi magicamo nyig-gi, ki ma nuig gi kelo moo, yadi magipito gi pican pa lee, yadi mamedo moc ngom, ki mukene ma gitwero baro bao ki ikomgi

Lupur mapol ma bene gitye ka mede ameda, gitye ka yero yadi ma nonge ikabedo meg-gi pi mugoba onyo ber gi madwong tutwal li

YAT MA NONGE I KABEDO PA NGAT MONI NI KONO DONG EN YAT TANGO?

Yat manonge I kabedo pa ngat moni ni en aye yat matye rwatte ki kabedo moni eno ni pien odongo kenyo dok bene onyako nyige ma mukene bene otwir pigi kengi labono ngat mo ma opito gi dok guri dong ikabedo eno-ni pi kre malac

Pe ni yadi ducu ma wan wangeyo gi gubedo yadi magitye I kabedo magwa, yadi mapol jo mkene ma aa ki ka ma bor aye gukelo gi. Yadi mapatpat makato 6000 woko obedo yadi matye I Uganda.

Pingo yadi ma I kabedo waa pigi tego? Pien ni yadi ma I kabedo waa gudongo kun gubedo ka lokke ki I kabedo ma orumugi, ki lee, ki yadi luwotgi mukene ki gin aketa ma orumu nget gi, tutwal kabedo enoni nongo orwate kwedgi

tutwal. Pol kare man te-lok-ke ni gitwero dongo labongo medo tic mogo ma well git ego macalo kiro yat me neko anyai onyo medo moc ngom ma gilwongo ni patilaica. Gin pol kare gimito tic me gwoko gi manok maketo yadi ma gikelo gi ki I kabedo mukene

Gin giwoko poti yadi wa nen ki kwanyi yadi mapol mapatpat ma kero me poto pa anyai onyo kwidi macamo yadi dok piny

Yadi magi miyo cam bot lee ma I tim dok gwoko gi bene. Bot wan dano, gimioy kony mapol mapatpat macalo nyig yat, bao, yenme kwaro ma cango dano, kelo yadi ma aa ki ka ma pat bene twero bedo ki kony ento mukone yam odoko doo, cii gunyar gudoko dwong ci odiyo yadi mukene woko. Ka wapito yadi ma tye I kabedo wa I poto wa, nongo watye ka konyo gwoko yadi ma yam obedo me kony bot meg wa ki wogi wa kacel kikwari wa, ki dong pi danoki lee tim me Uganda kacel ki yalwak mabibino

Wa tye ka pwonye ikom ber pa pito kwai yadi mapatpat I kabedo ma orumu wa, ka wapito gi ci nongo watye ka neno ni yadi-ni wa ki ber-gi weng, tye pi lutino wa

KIT TIC MA PATPAT MA TYE IYUB PA TIST

Kwo na calo lapit yadai ocake ma onongo atye ki kapito kodi adek (3) I Mwaka 2000. Jo mapol onongo giwilo kodi yadi matino me apita ki bota I kare ma apenyo ki bot ngat acel ma wilo kodi yadi ki boda, en otita tyen lok ango ma omioy enepito yadi, ci en bene otita lok kom TIST ki tic-gi ci. An adonyo bot TIST inge nongo pwony ikom kit ma myero agwok kede moc ngom ka atye ka pur, kit ma myero ayub kede poto yadi na, kit ma myero ati kede ki keno ma gwoko yen. Apito yen 2000 pi acaki, icawa ni dong atye ki yadi 3000 dok pwod atye ka mede ki pito mukene

Anongo dong kony madwong mada ki bot TIST tutwa le I pur magigwoko moc ngom, ki moc ngom ma ginongo ki kum pot yat ki lum ma otop ingom. Eni omioy amedo ceko cam ma dok bene atye ki tic mukene mapatpat ma atio pibedo idul me TIST. Atye ki dyangi aryo (2) ma agwoko gi kun atweyo atweya, gweni 200 konye gi ducu atero I poto pi medo moc ngom, man omedo cek pa muranga ki kabir ma apuru

Atye ki moc ngom madwon pi poto na wa ki matye inge gang-nga bene. Atye ki yoo mapol me nongo lim, matye iye yadi ma apito pi cato kabon, I cul ki acel acel, an gimioy cilling me Uganda makato 300,000 ma atioy kwede me willo ngom mukene ki me puru poto me pito cam ki yat.

Atyeko dong willo ngom dul 2 mapatpat, atye ka goyo pulan me medo pito yadi mukene pi cato kabon.

Atwero culu school fees (cente me kwan) pa lutino na. atye ki yen maromo me teedo kun atioy ki keno ma pe balo yen, ma lutic pa TIST ene opwonya tic kwede. Apwoyo TIST Uganda pi tyelo kor wan lupur ki dong nyuti wan go ma omioy watim. Onongo pe atye ki yub mo keken me pito yat I caro nyo gang wa, ento kombedi dong gang ki acel acel ngeyo kony ki ber pa TIST

Man Biramaheira, MaAa Ki Kitumba Sub County Kabale District, En Aye Ocoyo



AA KI I LUM OO I KICA

An atye ki paco matye ki lutino 5 ki dako ace, ikare ma adonyo I TIST, anongo bedo agonya I ganga cut. Angeyo TIST I Mwaka 2006, nongo pe angeyo ni pito yadi nongo konyo gang ki miyo akwo pi kare malac I wilobo.

Acako matidi ki yadi manok, 9000 abedo ki Cuma labar bao kama onongo lupur yadi kella yat me baro bao teretere. Ci ingeye, apito yadi ingom ma wora omiya.

Ngom eni onongo obedo ngom ma otal / otwo ma cam mo pe dongo I ye, kono yadi keken. Aa ki lum aoo I kica, onongo abedo lacan nioo wa I kare ma awilo ngom ki cente ma anongo I pito yadi I dul pa TIST. Jami weng ocake ki kenyo

Apwoyo TIST tutwal pi gum magi ducu.

Lapur acel me onongo dong onngo cente ki bot TIST pi yadi ma opito obino bota ci owilo lawiwiyo matino me apita. Aapito yadi 9000 I Mwaka me acel, polgi okwo ci lukwan yadi pa TIST gucako kwano ne. acako nongo cente nicake ma adonyokwede I TIST, nio tin, anongo dong cente makato million 4 ki bot TIST I cul me mwako ki Mwaka

Katek ki anongo cente, awilo ngom ki dong amedo biacara na me baro bao. Biacara na dong omede mumiyo acato bao wa Kampala dong. Atye dong ki kagwoko bao madit kadibed an acato bao ma aa ki kum lawiwiyo, atye bene ki poti ma apito iye yadi pi TIST, atye dong ki yadi 15000 me Mwaka 5 oo i 8 ma abigwoko gi pi mwaki 30 wek anong cente pi cato kabon, apito kalatuc pe pi TIST ento me yen pi ganga ki me gedo. Ma atye kakuru cul mukene lawiwiyo na mede ki dongo. Pe akoko ange pi yadi magi

Ngom ma onongo otwo ni dong tye ka gwoko lonyo pira ki pi jo ganga. Awilo ngom dong acre 80 ki cente me pito yadi. Ayubu ot bati maber dok tek pira ki pi lutino wa
Ndagizi Benson Ma Aa Ki Ndagizi Association Kabale District Uganda En Aye Ocoyo

AA MALO KI RYENY PA TIST UGANDA

Tic pa TIST ocake I Uganda I Mwaka 2003. Tic man ocake ki limo tyen me acel I Morogoro I Tanzania, ma jo ma aa ki West Ankole Diocese Bishop William Magambo, ma giyerogi en aaye gulimo. TIST onya oceto I Bushenyi, Kabale, Kanungu ka dong lacen oo I Rukungiri, kombedi watye ki yadi mako million abicel (6) ma gipito gi pi cato kabon I Uganda

Lumitam ki jo ma otelo TIST oa ki I district ma malo ni ducu, lupur gitiyo I gurup matino dok giculu gi bene I gurup matino egin

Tic pa TIST ocung pi jami ma pigi tego pa TIST macalo ti ki cente manok, tic kakama leng, minne ken, timo jami kakare, ki dong bedo ma I gamo pi gin ma gimmi me atima. Eni otwere pi tic ki kony pa jo ma kwano yadi ki jo ma ngiyo tic pa lukwan yadi ma gi aa ki ikin lupur ma gukwano dok gupimo yadi I district ma maloni weng, watiyo ki lupur matino ki madongo kacelu. Lupur gipito yadi me tic mapatpat macalo bao, nyig yat, yat me cango two ki yen me moko mac. Tye jami mapol ma pito yadi I TIST konyo macalo dwoko mol pa kalele piny, tic ki ngom me pito yadi ki mukene mapol ataa.

Tic pa TIST I Uganda I kareni dong tye ka nyaa kato I Gulu, Kyenjojo, Kiryandongo, Soroti ki Kayunga.

TIST tiyo ki dul madit ma gilwongo ni Cluster wek ekony gurup matino tino-ni I yoo maber makonyo kubu gi ki ngiyo kor tic-gi. Watye ka mito nyayo TIST I kabedo mukene manyen, dok watye ki gen ni wabipito yadi madwong mukene wek wagwok kabedo ma orumu wa I Uganda

Pwoc madit bot jo ma gucako TIST oweko okonyo I loko kwo pa dano ma I Uganda
Kwo pi kare malac TIST Uganda

Ngat ma ogonyo I leb Luo – Otema Christopher
Email: xtopherotema@gmail.com

THAMANI YA TIST

SISI NI AKINA NANI

- 1) Sisi ni waaminifu
- 2) Sisi ni sahihi
- 3) Sisi ni uwazi
- 4) Sisi ni watumishi kwa wengine
- 5) Sisi ni pamoja kuajibika kwa wengine

NAMNA TUNAVYO FANYA VITU VINAVYO ONEKANA KWA WATU WENGINE

- 1) Tuna jitolea
- 2) Tuna fanya kazi zetu kwa vikundi vidogo kwanguzo
- 3) Tu na endeleza kw ku fanya mazoezi mazuri
- 4) Tuna tumia vichwa na mikono

TUNA FANYA NINI

1. Tuna panda miti za aina mbalimbali kwa mudaa mrefu
2. Tuna pata namna ya kuboresha afya zetu
3. Tuna fanya mazeozi ya ukulima endelevu
4. Tuna fanya miradi mingine na vyashara kama (ukulima endelevu, Vitalu, machungwa, mbuzi za maziwa na ukulima, kuku, utunzaji wa nyuki, bwawa za samaki na utunzaji wa samaki, ulimaji wa Hariri etc)
5. Tuna wuza kemikali za matumizi kwa mikopo

TUNAVYO VIJENGA

- 1) Tuna jenga team ya kazi
- 2) Tuna jenga uwezo
- 3) Tuna jenga uwongozi

ASISLI ZA MITI NI NINI, NA KWANINI NI ZA MUHIMI?

Wa kulima wa tist hu panda mamia za aina y miti, moja yapo ni za matunda na za lishe, miti za kivuli, miti za uzalishaji rutuba katika udongo na aina za miti za kukata mbao, wa kulima wengi wame chagua kupanda aina ya miti za asili zenye faida.

Ni mti wa asili gan?

Asili ya mti ni ile inayo kabiliana na sehemu na kufikia kukomaa hadi kuzaa kawaida kwa mda mrefu. Lakini sio aina yote ya miti kwamba ina uzoefu kwetu kwamba ni asili. Aina nyingi zime tanbuliwa na watu kutoka sehemu za mbali.

Kuna zaidi ya aina 600 za miti zenye asili katika inchi ya Uganda. Kwa nini miti zenye asili ni muhimu? Kwa sababu miti zenye asili zina ambatana na mazingira, wanyama, mimea, na viumbe karibu nazo, na pia kufaa katika sehemu hiyo. Mara nyingi ina maanisha ina weza kukomaa bila gharama za dawa au mbolea.

Mara nyingi huduma huwa ndogo kuliko aina iliyo tambulisha kutoka sehemu za mbali. Hu panua mashaba yetu na ku punguza hatari za wa dudu wa haribifu, hutowa matibabu na vyakula kwa wanyama wa mbituni,

nasi ku faidika kutokana na matunda, majani ya mbao, ma dawa ya kiasili, au aina za kigeni, ina weza kutoa faida nyingine nyingi zaidi, lakini nyingine ina weza kua msitu na kuzigira miti nyingine, au mimea nyingine.

Ikiwa tuna panda miti za asili katika mashaba yetu tuna saidia kuzuia aina ya miti ilio kuwa na faida kwa wazazi wetu, hadi mababu zetu na wanyama porini, na kizazi kii jaco inchini Uganda.

Bado tuna jifunza faida ya aina ya miti zilizopo karibu nasi.

Tukipanda aina ya asili, tuna weza kusaidia kuakikisha kwamba miti na faida vipo kwa ajili ya watoto wetu.

MIPANGO NYINGI KUTOKA MRADI WA TIST

Maisha yangu ya upanzi wa miti yali anza nilipo kuwa na kitalu cha miti kama mkulima mwaka 2000. Watu wengi wali weza kuja na kununua miti kwangu nilipo muhoji moja wa wateja wangu, aliniezea sababu yakupanda miti.

Nilifahamishwa kuhusu mipango ya tist ambayo nili jiunga nayo nakufunzwa kuhusu ukulima wa uhifadhi, na kuanzisha ku panda miti katika kitalu na kutengeneza majiko ya kupikia aina kisasa.

Nili panda miti 200 mwanzo, sasa hivi niko na miti 3000 na bado naendelea ku panda.

"nimefaidika kutoka tist zaidi kutokana na ukulima wa uhifadhi na kutengeneza mbolea. Hii ime nisaidia kuongezea mavuno yangu na ku panua miradi yangu kwa wingi. Niko na ngombe wangu 2 ninaolishana kuku zaidi ya 200hivi vyote vina changia katika muradi wa ukulima wa ifadhi hii ime niongezea mavuno zaidi katika kilimo cha maharage na mtama niliyo panda".

Ninabolea kutosha kwa ajili ya mimea yangu katika shamba lanyuma ya nyumba yangu. Nina namuna nyingi ya vyanzo vya kuleta pesa kukiwemu na upanzi wa miti kwa vyashara vyakemikaye. Kwa kila malipo, napewa zaidi ya pesa 300,000/= za Uganda ninazo tumia ku nunuwa mashaba zaidi na pia ku fyeka katika mashamba. Sasahivi nime nunuwa vipande vingine viwili vya shamba. Nina mupango waku panda miti nyingine ya vyashara vya kemikali. Nimekua na uwezo wa kulipia mwanangu karo ya shule. Ninazo kuni zamafuta za kutosha kwa ajili ya jiko la kuifadhi nguvu za nishati kama tulivyo funzwa na wafanyikazi wa TIST. Shukurani kubwa kwa TIST Uganda kwa msaada na uwongozi mlio towa kwetu wa kulima. Hatukuwa namupango wa upanzi wa miti katika sehemu ya kwetu lakini sasa kila kijiji mtu amefahamu faida ya mradi.

Biramaheire kutoka Kitumba Sub County

WILAYA YA KABALE

KUTOKA NYASI HADI NEEMA

Nina famiya ya watoto 5 na mke nilipo jiunga na TIST nilipokea pesa kwa ajili ya familia yangu na hata vyashara vyangu. Nili jua TIST mwaka 2006 machache nilio fahamu kwamba upandaji wa miti una weza kuisaidia familia yangu na mimi kuishi mdaa mrefu katika ulimwengu huu. Nili anza na kidogo, na miti michache kama 9000, nilikua na machini yakutengeneza mbao ambabo wakulima walikua wakileta mbao zao kwa wingi. Kwa mda huo nili amua ku panda miti katika shamba nilo pewa na baba yangu. Shamba hilo lilikuwa lime chakaa hakuna mmea uliyo weza kukomaa katika shamba hilo ila tuu miti.

"ni kutoka nyasi hadi NEEMA nili hishi mwana mme masikinihadi hivi majuzi nilipo nunuwa shamba toka TIST mradi wa miti mambo shwari sasa. Na sasa na shukuru TIST kwa Baraka nyingi."

Nilifikwa na mmoja wa wakulima aliokua tayari amepokea malipo ya miti alio panda kwa mpango wa TIST aliweza ku nunua mbegu ya miti aina ya Pine. Ni kapanda miti 9000 kwa musim wa kwaza wa mwaka zaidi ya miti hizo zili pona nakuendelea kukuwa, muhesabu kutoka TIST alianza ku hesabu miti nimehanza ku pata pesa tangu nilijiunga na TIST. Nime pata shilingi 4,000,000 kutokana na malipo ya nusu nusu kutoka TIST. Wakati nili pata pesa, nilikua nikinunua shamba nakuinua vyashara vyangu vya kibanda cha mbao. Vyashara vime panuka, sasa na sambaza mbao hadi kampala mjini minacho kibanda kikubwa sasa. Ingawa niko mufanyi byashara wambaoza Pine niko na shamba lamiti kwa ajili ya muradi wa TIST kando, ni miti 15000 ambazo ziko kati ya myaka 5-8 na nina zilinda hadi myaka 30 ili ni pate pesa za kemikali. Miko tayari ku weka miti hadi myaka 30 hili kutimiza agano lanyumba ya kijani kutoka kwenye gesi niliyo iwekea sahihi. Nimeweka kando miti mbao aina ya kalatusikwa matumizi yakuni na hata ujenzi wa nyumba yangu kama bado nangoja malipo mengine, na pia nafasi kwa miti Pine pia ikiendelea kukomaa.

Si nung'uniki kwa nini nilipanda miti hi. Shamba lililo chakaa limeniwekea biima mimi na familiya yangu. Nina ekari themaanini (80) za shamba nilizo nunua kutoka katika ujuzi wa upanzi wa miti. Nime pata uwezo wa ku jenga nyumba nzuri na pia tumaini lamalipo ya uzeeni ime wekwa kwangu na watoto wangu

Nae Ndagizi Benson kutoka Mradi wa Ndagizi

Wilaya ya Kabale, Uganda

KUFUFUKA NA KU MELEMETA KWAKE TIST UGANDA

Mpango wa TIST inchini Uganda uli anza mwaka 2003. Mpango ulianzia morogoro inchini Tanzania na kamati dongo ilio chaguliwa nae Bishop William Magambo wa diocese ya Ankole magharibi.nakuenea hadi Bushenyi, Kanungu, nabadae hadiRukugiri. Kwa sasa tuko na zaidi ya miti 6,000,000 ambazo zime pandwa tayari kwa vyashara vya gesi ya carbon inchini Uganda TIST ime kua ikiongozwa na uwongonzi wa baraza la kuanzishwa na wakulima wa TIST katika wilaya zote inchini. Wakulima wame weza kupanda na kufanya kazi katika vikundi na pia kulipwa katika vikundi. Mipango imekua ikiongozwa na TIST na thamani ya bajeti ya chini, uwazi, ujitoaleaji, usahihi na wajubikaji. Hii imewezakana na usaidizi na kazi ambayo ilifanyika na wa pimaji na wakaguzi waliyo hesabu na ku pima miti zilizo tajwa kabla, katika wilaya mbalimbali

Tume fanya kazi pamoja nawapanzi wama shamba makubwa na madogo. Wakulima wamewaza ku banda kwa wingi miti za mbao, miti za matunda, madawa na zao ya kuni. Kuna huduma kadhaa inayo tolewa na TIST kwa ku panda miti, hii ni kuzuia mumumonyoko wa aridhi na kutia rutuba zaidi katika aridhi kwakutumia upanzi wa miti. Mipango ya TIST sasa imepanuka hadi sehemu mpya inchini Uganda sehemu kama Gulu, Kyenjojo, Kiryandongo, Soroti na Kayunga. TIST wa tafanyisha ujuzi wanguzo ili kutoa uduma bora kwa vikundi vidogo vidogo, kwa kutembelela na kufatilia. Tunazingatiya upanzi wa miti zaidi katika sehemu mpya na matumaini ya kupanda miti zaidi kwa ku boresha mazingira ya Uganda.

Shukurani ziwaendee wa anzilishi ambao wame changia ku boresha maisha ya wanainchi wa Uganda.

Maisha marefu TIST Uganda





Raised seed bed in Kayunga District is one of the best methods of preventing roots from penetrating the soil



Green team members after a meeting in Rukungiri District



Small group members during their weekly meeting in Gulu District



Small group members after meeting in Rutenga - Kanungu District

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